

You must show your work to get full credit.

The marginal cost of producing q mountain bikes is

$$C'(q) = \frac{600}{0.3q + 5}$$

1. If the fixed cost of producing the bicycles is \$2,000, find the cost to produce 35 bicycles. (If this involves computing an integral, write down the answer in its form with an integral and also write down how you used the calculus to compute it.)

$$C(0) = 2000, 90$$

Cost to produce 35 bikes is \$4262.80

$$\begin{aligned} C(35) &= C(0) + \int_0^{35} C'(q) dq \\ &= 2000 + \int_0^{35} \frac{600}{.3q+5} dq \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 2000 + \text{math.9 Funct} (600/.3x+5, x, 0, 35) \\ &= 4262.80 \end{aligned}$$

2. If the bikes are sold for \$200 each, what is the profit (or loss) in the first 35 bicycles?

If the bikes are sold for \$200 each, the revenue is

The profit is \$2737.20

$$R(q) = 200q. \text{ So the}$$

$$\text{profit is } \pi(q) = R(q) - C(q) = 200q - (2000 + \int_0^q \frac{600}{.3q+5} dq)$$

Therefore

$$\begin{aligned} \pi(35) &= 200(35) - (2000 + \int_0^{35} \frac{600}{.3q+5} dq) \\ &= 200 \cdot 35 - (2000 + \text{math.9 Funct} (600/(.3q+5), x, 0, 35)) \\ &= 2737.20 \end{aligned}$$

3. Find the marginal profit on the 36th bicycle.

This is

The marginal profit is

$$\begin{aligned} \pi'(35) &= R'(35) - C'(35) \\ &= 200 - \frac{600}{(.3(35) + 5)} \\ &= 161.29 \end{aligned}$$

\$161.29