## ${\bf Mathematics~546~Homework,~October~14,~2020}$

<b>Problem</b> 1. Let $H$ and $K$ be subgroups of the group $G$ . Show the intersection, $H \cap K$ , is also a subgroup.
<b>Problem</b> 2. Give an example of two subgroups $H$ and $K$ of the dihedral group $D_4$ such that the union, $H \cap K$ , is not a subgroup.
We have defined the <b>alternating group</b> , $A_n$ , to be the subgroup of $S_n$ consisting of all even permutations.
<b>Problem</b> 3. List the elements of $A_3$ .
<b>Problem</b> 4. If we number the vertices of a square counterclockwise as 1, 2, 3, and 4. Then the rotation by 90° counterclockwise is represented by the 4-cycle $(1,2,3,4)$ . Let $b$ be the reflection in the line through 1 and 3. Then $b = (2,4)$ then (you do not have to check this) $a^4 = b^2 = 1$ and $ba = a^{-1}b$ , which is our usual representation of the dihedral group $D_4$ . List the permutations in $A_4 \cap D_4$ .
<b>Problem</b> 5. Likewise we can represent $D_5$ as permutations in $S_5$ with
a = (1, 2, 3, 4, 5) and $b = (2, 5)(3, 4)$ .
Again it can be checked that $a^5 = 1 = b^2$ and $ba = a - 1b$ (and again you do not have to check this). List the permutations in $A_5 \cap D_5$ . (There is a way to do this with almost no calculation.)