

## Mathematics 172 Homework, September 11, 2023.

Here are some derivative problems for you to practice. The answers are on the next page.

1.  $y = x^3 - 4x$

2.  $A = t^3 e^t$

3.  $P = be^{rt}$  Where  $b$  and  $r$  are constants.

4.  $y = x^2 + e^{2x} + e^2$

5.  $P = P_0 e^{rt}$  where  $P_0$  and  $r$  are constants.

6.  $f(x) = x^2 e^{rx}$

7. If  $P = a + be^{rt}$  where  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $r$  are constants, show

$$P' = r(P - a)$$

1.  $y' = 3x^2 - 4$

2.  $\frac{dA}{dt} = t^3 e^t + 3t^2 e^t$

3.  $P' = br e^{rt}$

4.  $y' = 2x + 2e^{2x}$  Note that  $e^2$  is a constant and therefore  $(e^2)' = 0$ .

5.  $\frac{dP}{dt} = rP_0 e^{rt}$ . Note that as  $P = P_0 e^{rt}$  that this implies  $\frac{dP}{dt} = rP$ .

6.  $f'(x) = rx^2 e^{rx} + 2xe^{rx}$

7. There are several ways to do this. Here is one. Starting with  $P = ae^{rt} + b$  take the derivative to get

$$P' = are^{rt}.$$

In the original equation  $P = ae^{rt} + b$  solve for  $ae^{rt}$  to get  $ae^{rt} = (P - b)$ . Plug this into the equation for  $P'$  to get

$$P' = r(P - b).$$