

You must show your work to get full credit.

Snails (the predator) in an aquarium feed on algae (the victims). If V is the amount of algae in grams and P is the number of snails we assume the following Lotka-Volterra system holds

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dV}{dt} &= .4V - .01VP = V(.4 - .01P) = 0 \Rightarrow V = 0 \text{ or } P = \frac{.4}{.01} = 40 \\ \frac{dP}{dt} &= -.3P + .006VP = P(-.3 + .006V) = 0 \Rightarrow P = 0 \text{ or } V = \frac{.3}{.006} = 50\end{aligned}$$

where t is measured in months.

1. If we start with 60 grams of algae and 20 snails, compute $V'(0)$ and $P'(0)$ and write a sentence or two to describe the initial behavior of the system.

$$V'(0) = \underline{12}$$

$$P'(0) = \underline{1.2}$$

$$V'(0) = 60(.4 - .01(20)) = 60(.4 - .2) = 60(.2) = 12$$

$$P'(0) = 20(-.3 + .006(60)) = 1.2$$

2. Find the average amount, \hat{V} , of algae, and the average number of snails, \hat{P} and these to draw the phase space complete with a couple of loops and arrows showing which way things are moving.

$$\hat{V} = 40, \hat{P} = 50 \text{ as above}$$

