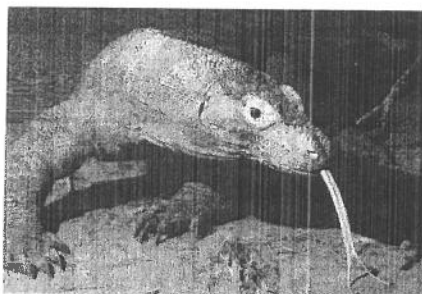


## Quiz 2

Name: Key*You must show your work to get full credit.*

The largest lizard species currently on earth is the komodo dragon. A large one of these is 3 meters long, weighs 70 kg and has claws 5 cm long.



Komodo dragon.

Up until about 50,000 years ago there was a species of lizard, *Megalania*, living in Australia which grew to a length of 5.5 meters. As both the komodo dragon and the *Megalania* are both types of monitor lizards it is not altogether unreasonable to assume that they have the same basic body plan. That is that *Megalania* was basically a scaled up version of the komodo dragon. Assuming this

1. Use the data above to estimate the length of the claws of a 5.5 meter *Megalania*.

The scale factor (= magnification factor) from a Komodo dragon to a *Megalania* is

$$\lambda = \frac{5.5}{3} = 1.833$$

So the claw length is  $\lambda \times 5 = (1.833)(5) \approx 9.16$

2. Use this data to estimate the weight of a 5.5 meter *Megalania*.

Weight scales like the cube of the magnification factor

$$\text{Weight} \approx \underline{431.12 \text{ kg.}}$$

so

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Megalania weight} &= \lambda^3 (\text{Komodo dragon weight}) \\ &= (1.833)^3 \times 70 \\ &= 431.12 \end{aligned}$$