

You must show your work to get full credit.

Consider a system of differential equations

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = .5x(10 - x - 2y)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = .2y(30 - 6x - 5y)$$

1. If $x(4) = 1$ and $y(4) = 6$ what are $x'(4)$ and $y'(4)$? $x'(4) = \underline{-1.5}$

$$x'(4) = .5(1)(10 - (1) - 2(6)) = -1.5$$

$$y'(4) = .2(6)(30 - 6(1) - 5(6)) = -7.2 \quad y'(4) = \underline{-7.2}$$

2. For the same equations assume we have solutions with $x(0) = 6$ and $y(0) = 1$

- (a) What are $x'(0)$ and $y'(0)$? $x'(0) = \underline{6}$

$$x'(0) = .5(6)(10 - 6 - 2(1)) = 6$$

$$y'(0) = .2(1)(30 - 6(6) - 1) = -1.4 \quad y'(0) = \underline{-1.4}$$

- (b) Is $x(t)$ initially increasing or decreasing? Write a sentence or two explaining your answer.

$x'(0) = 6$ is positive. A positive derivative implies increasing.

- (c) Is $y(t)$ initially increasing or decreasing? Write a sentence or two explaining your answer.

$y'(0) = -1.4$ is negative. A negative derivative implies decreasing.