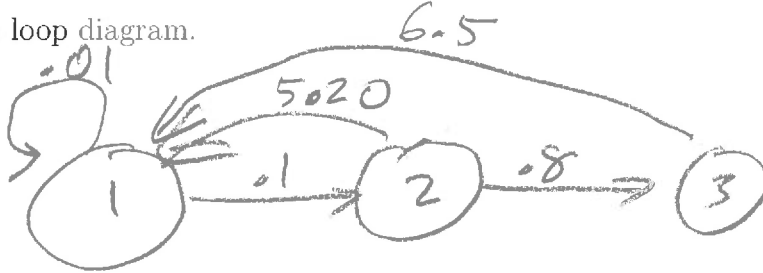


You must show your work to get full credit.

A population of frogs in a small pond has three stages: tadpoles, juveniles, and adults. The Leslie matrix for this population is

$$L = \begin{bmatrix} .01 & 5.20 & 6.5 \\ .1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & .8 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

1. Draw the loop diagram.



2. Give the meaning of the following numbers

(a) 5.20 = average number of tadpoles produced by a juvenile.

(b) .8 = proportion of juveniles that live to be adults.

3. What is the proportion of tadpoles that live to be adults?

Proportion is $(.1)(.8) = .08$

4. This population got its start when the owner of the pond ordered 100 tadpoles off of eBay and released them in the pond.

- (a) How many in each stage the next year:

tadpoles 1 juveniles 10 adults 0

- (b) How many in each stage after ten years:

tadpoles 49.83 juveniles 4.55 adults 4.10

- (c) What is the proportion in each stage after ten years:

tadpoles .852 juveniles .078 adults .070

5. We consult a computer that tells us that $\lambda = 1.02$ is an eigenvalue of L and that the corresponding eigenvectors is

$$\vec{V} = \begin{bmatrix} 1.04 \\ .102 \\ .08 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a) What is the per capita growth rate?

$$r = \underline{2-1 = .02}$$

(b) What is the stable age distribution?

tadpoles .851

juveniles .083

adults .065