

You must show your work to get full credit.

1. Let  $y = xe^x$ .

(a) Compute the first three derivatives of  $y$

$$y' = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad y'' = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad y''' = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$y' = x e^x \quad y' = x' e^x + x(e^x)' = e^x + x e^x = (x+1)e^x$$

$$y'' = (x+1)' e^x + (x+1)(e^x)' = e^x + (x+1)e^x = (x+2)e^x$$

$$y''' = (x+2)' e^x + (x+2)(e^x)' = e^x + (x+2)e^x = (x+3)e^x$$

(b) Make a conjecture at for a formula for the  $n$ -th derivative of  $y$ .  $y^{(n)} = \underline{(x+n)e^x}$

(c) Prove your conjecture using induction.

Base case:  $n=1$  then  $y' = (x+1)e^x$  which is

$$y^{(n)} = (x+n)e^x \quad \text{when } n=1$$

Induction step:

Induction hypothesis: The  $k$ -th derivative of  $y$  is

$$y^{(k)} = (x+k)e^x$$

Take the derivative of this to get

$$\begin{aligned} y^{(k+1)} &= (y^{(k)})' = ((x+k)e^x)' \\ &= (x+k)' e^x + (x+k)(e^x)' \\ &= 1 e^x + (x+k)e^x \\ &= (x+(k+1))e^x \end{aligned}$$

which is  $y^{(n)} = (x+n)e^x$  with  $n = k+1$ .  
This completes the induction.

2. The contrapositive of  $P \rightarrow Q$  is  $\neg Q \rightarrow \neg P$ . Use truth tables to show these are logically equivalent.

| P | Q | $P \rightarrow Q$ | $\neg P$ | $\neg Q$ | $\neg Q \rightarrow \neg P$ |
|---|---|-------------------|----------|----------|-----------------------------|
| T | T | T                 | F        | F        | T                           |
| T | F | F                 | F        | T        | F                           |
| F | T | T                 | T        | F        | T                           |
| F | F | T                 | T        | T        | T                           |

The truth tables for  
 $P \rightarrow Q$  and  $\neg Q \rightarrow \neg P$   
 are the same so they  
 are logically equivalent.